XPCore Security Target

DOCUMENT VERSION	1.0
DOCUMENT DATE	17-JUNE-2019

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Document management

Document identification

Document ID	XPCore_EAL2_ST
Document title	XPCore Security Target
Document Version/Date	Version 1.0, 17-JUNE-2019

Document history

Version	Date	Description
0.1	21-JUNE-18	Released for internal review
0.2	16-AUG-18	Added Section 7 – TOE Summary Specification
0.3	07-SEPT-18	Revised Section 1.4 and Section 5
1.0	17-JUNE-19	Updated Section 1 until Section 5 to address comments from the evaluator and the certification body

Table of Contents

1 Security Target Introduction (ASE_INT.1)

1.1 ST Reference

ST Title	XPCore Security Target
ST Identifier	XPCore_EAL2_ST
ST Version/Date	Version 1.0, 17-JUNE-19

1.2 TOE Reference

TOE Title	XPCore
TOE Version	1.0

1.3 Document Organization

This document is organized into the following major sections:

- Section 1 provides the introductory material for the ST as well as the TOE description (ASE_INT.1).

- Section 2 provides the conformance claims for the evaluation (ASE_CCL.1).

- Section 3 provides the definition of the security problem that the TOE has been designed to address (ASE_SPD.1).

- Section 4 defines the security objectives for the TOE and the environment (ASE_OBJ.2).

- Section 5 contains the security functional and assurance requirements derived from the Common Criteria Part 2 and 3 respectively, which are in turn satisfied by the TOE and the development lifecycle (ASE_REQ.2).

- Section 6 contains the security assurance requirements derived from the Common Criteria, Part 3 (ASE_REQ.2).

- Section 7 provides a summary of the TOE specification, identifying the IT security functions provided by the TOE (ASE_TSS.1).

1.4 TOE Overview

1.4.1 TOE Usage and Major Security Functions

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is XPCore version 1.0. XPCore is a platform that allows multiple software components, function modules or system to exchange data and communicate with each other through the XPCore API (Application Programming Interface). The TOE can be accessible by user via a web browser and can be deploy either in a cloud environment (hosted by MicroEngine Network) or in the customer's premises/data center (hosted by the customers). Refer to Section 1.5.1 for more detail explanations. Authorized 3rd party developers will be able to integrate their own system/program with XPcore platform and utilize XPCore features.

XPCore features include managing either third party or MicroEngine's:

- Alarm Monitoring System

- CCTV Monitoring System

- Door Access Control Management System

- Time Attendance Management System

- System User Authentication

- And many more

The following table highlights the range of security functions implemented by the TOE.

Security functions	Descriptions
Security Audit	The TOE generates audit records for security events. Only Administrator has the ability to view the audit and transaction logs.
Identification and Authentication	XPCore users (Administrator and Authorised User) are required to identify or authenticate with the TOE prior to any user action or information flow being permitted.
Security Management	The TOE provides functions that allow management of the TOE and its security functions. The TOE restricts access to the management functions based on the role of the user.
Secure Communication	The TOE can protect the user data from disclosure and modification by using Secure Socket Layer (SSL) as a secure communication

1.4.2 TOE Type

The TOE is XPCore version 1.0 and it provides security functionality such as Security Audit, Identification and Authentication, Security Management and Secure Communication. The TOE can be categorised as *Other Devices and Systems* in accordance with the categories identified on the Common Criteria Portal (www.commoncriteriaportal.org) that lists all the certified products.

1.4.3 Supporting hardware, software and/or firmware

Minimum System Requirements	
Web Browser	Modern HTML 5 browser which include: • Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 • Mozilla Firefox 54 • Google Chrome 56
Operating System	Microsoft Windows Server 2008 (64-bit)
Memory	8 GB RAM
Processor	Intel Core i3-3220 @ 3.30GHz
Storage	500GB
Database	Microsoft SQL Server 2008

1.5 TOE Description

1.5.1 Physical scope of the TOE
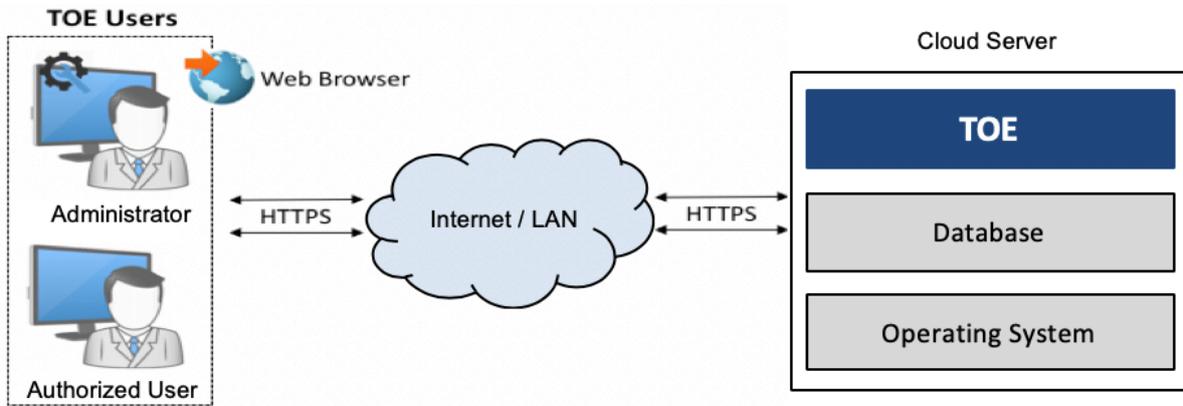
Legend: [   ] TOE Boundary

Figure 1 – TOE Deployment Architecture

Below are the descriptions of the components stated in Figure 1 above.

Component	Descriptions
XPCore	XPCore is a platform that allows multiple software components, function modules or system to exchange data and communicate with each other through the XPCore API (Application Programming Interface).
TOE Users	There are two types of TOE users; Administrator and Authorized User.
Web Browser	A web browser is a software program that allows a user to locate, access, and display web pages. TOE Users interact with the TOE via a supported web browser stated in Section 1.4.3
Database	A database is an electronic system that allows data to be easily accessed, manipulated and updated. a database is used as a method of storing, managing and retrieving data
Operating System	Operating System is a software program that enables the computer hardware to communicate and operate with the computer software. The TOE requires an operating system to function. Refer to Section 1.4.3 for minimum system requirement for operating system.

1.5.2 Logical scope of the TOE

The logical boundary consists of the security functionality of TOE is summarized below.

- **Security Audit:** The TOE generates audit records for security events. The Administrator has the ability to view the audit logs. Types of audit logs are:

  - User Login Success/Fail Event

  - Event type, date & time, user role and access origin

  Only Administrator has the capability to review these audit records via the web interface

- **Identification and Authentication:** All users (Administrator and Authorised User) are required to perform identification and authentication with the TOE before any information flows are permitted. These users must be authenticated prior to performing any TOE functions by entering a username and password.

- **Security Management**: The TOE contains various management functions to ensure efficient and secure management of the TOE. The TOE maintains role-based access control mechanisms to ensure that functions are restricted to those who have the privilege to access them. The Administrator has the ability to manage user and configure the TOE.

- **Secure communications.** The TOE provides a secure SSL channel between the TOE User and the TOE.

2 Conformance Claim (ASE_CCL.1)

The ST and TOE are conformant to version **3.1 (REV 5)** of the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation.

The following conformance claims are made for the TOE and ST:

- **Part 2 conformant.** Conformant with Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 2: Security functional requirements, version 3.1 (REV 5), April 2017

- **Part 3 conformant, EAL2.** Conformant with Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 3: Security assurance requirements, version 3.1 (REV 5). Evaluation is EAL2, April 2017.

3 Security Problem Definition (ASE_SPD.1)

3.1 Overview

This section describes the nature of the security problem that the TOE is designed to address. The security problem is described through:

a) a series of **threats** that the TOE has been designed to mitigate,

b) specific **assumptions** about the security aspects of the environment (both IT related and non-IT related elements) in which the TOE will operate, and

c) any relevant **organisational security policies** are any statements made in terms of rules or guidelines that must be followed by the TOE and/or the operational environment.

3.2 Threats

Identifier	Threat statement
T.MANAGEMENT	An unauthorized user modifies configuration data that they are not authorised to access resulting in a loss of integrity of the data that the TOE uses to enforce the security functions.
T.UNAUTHORISED_ACCESS	A user may gain unauthorized access to the TOE and residing data by sending impermissible information through the TOE (such as Brute Force Attacks) resulting the exploitation of protected resources
T.CONFIG	An unauthorized person may read, modify, or destroy TOE configuration data.
T.TOECOM	An unauthorized person or unauthorized external IT entity may be able to view, modify, and/or delete security related information or information properties sent between distributed components of the TOE.

3.3 Organisational Security Policies

No organisational security policies have been defined regarding the use of the TOE.

3.4 Assumptions

Identifier	Assumption statement
A.PLATFORM	The TOE relies upon a trustworthy platform and local network from which it provides administrative capabilities. The TOE relies on this platform to provide logon services via a local or network directory service, and to provide basic audit log management functions. The platform is expected to be configured specifically to provide TOE services, employing features such as a host-based firewall which limits its network role to providing TOE functionality.
A.ADMIN	One or more competent, trusted personnel who are not careless, wilfully negligent, or hostile, are assigned and authorized as the Administrator, and do so using and abiding by guidance documentation.
A.USER	Users are not wilfully negligent or hostile and use the device within compliance of a reasonable enterprise security policy.
A.TIMESTAMP	The platforms on which the TOE operate shall be able to provide reliable time stamps.
A.PHYSICAL	It is assumed that the appliance hosting the operating system and database are in a secure operating facility with restricted physical access and non-shared hardware.

4 Security Objectives (ASE_OBJ.2)

4.1 Overview

The security objectives are a concise statement of the intended response to the security problem defined in Section 3. There are security objectives for the TOE to address and additional objectives that provide specific direction for the intended in environment in which the TOE is to operate.

4.2 Security Objectives for the TOE

Identifier	Objective statements
O.ACCESS	The TOE must ensure that only authorised users are able to access protected resources or functions and to explicitly deny access to specific users when appropriate
O.CONFIG	TOE shall prevent unauthorized person to access TOE functions and configuration data. Only authorized TOE Super user shall have access to TOE management interface.
O.MANAGE	The TOE must allow Administrator to effectively manage the TOE, while ensuring that appropriate controls are maintained over those functions.
O.USER	The TOE must ensure that all users are identified and authenticated before accessing protected resources or functions.
O.TOECOM	The TOE must protect the confidentiality of its dialogue between distributed components.

4.3 Security Objectives for the Environment

Identifier	Objective statements
OE.PLATFORM	The TOE relies upon the trustworthy platform and hardware to provide policy enforcement as well as cryptographic services and data protection.
OE.ADMIN	The owners of the TOE must ensure that the Administrator who manages the TOE is not hostile, competent and apply all super user guidance in a trusted manner.
OE.USER	Users of the TOE are trained to securely use the system, controller and device and apply all guidance in a trusted manner.

Identifier	Objective statements
OE.TIMESTAMP	Reliable timestamp is provided by the operational environment for the TOE.
OE.PHYSICAL	Those responsible for the TOE must ensure that the appliance hosting the operating system and database are in a secure operating facility with restricted physical access and non-shared hardware.

4.4 TOE Security Objectives Rationale

This section provides the summary that all security objectives are traced back to aspects of the addressed assumptions, threats and OSPs.

OBJECTIVES / THREATS/ASSUMPTIONS/OSPs	T.MANAGEMENT	T.UNAUTHORISED_ACCESS	T.CONFIG	T.TOECOM	A.PLATFORM	A.ADMIN	A.USER	A.TIMESTAMP	A.PHYSICAL
O.ACCESS	✔	✔							
O.CONFIG			✔						
O.MANAGE	✔								
O.USER	✔	✔							
O.TOECOM				✔					
OE.PLATFORM					✔				
OE.ADMIN						✔			
OE.USER							✔		
OE. TIMESTAMP								✔	
OE. PHYSICAL									✔

The following table demonstrates that all security objectives for the TOE trace back to the threats and OSPs in the security problem definition.

Threats/OSPs	Objectives	Rationale
T.CONFIG	O.CONFIG	The objective ensures that the TOE only allowed authorized person such as TOE Administrator to access TOE functions and configuration data.
T.MANAGEMENT	O.USER	The objective ensures that the TOE identifies and authenticates all users before they access a protected resources or functions.
	O.MANAGE	This objective ensures that the TOE provides the tools necessary for the authorized system admin to manage the security-related functions and that those tools are usable only by users with appropriate authorizations.
	O.ACCESS	The objective ensures that the TOE restricts access to the TOE objects to the authorized users and deny access to specific users when appropriate
T.UNAUTHORISED_ACCESS	O.ACCESS	The objective ensures that the TOE restricts access to the TOE objects to the authorized users and deny access to specific users when appropriate
	O.USER	The objective ensures that the TOE identifies and authenticates all users before they access a protected resources or functions.
T.TOECOM	O.TOECOM	The objective ensures that the TOE protect the confidentiality of its communication between distributed components.

4.5 Environment Security Objectives Rationale

The following table demonstrates that all security objectives for the operational environment all trace back to assumptions or OSPs in the security problem definition.

Assumptions	Objective	Rationale
A.PLATFORM	OE.PLATFORM	This objective ensures that the underlying platforms are trustworthy and hardened to protect against known vulnerabilities and security configuration issues.

Assumptions	Objective	Rationale
A.ADMIN	OE.ADMIN	This objective ensures that those responsible for the TOE are competent and trustworthy individuals, capable of managing the TOE and the security of the information it contains.
A.USER	OE.USER	This objective ensures that those responsible for the TOE are competent and trustworthy individuals, capable of operating the TOE and the security of the information it contains in a secure manner.
A.TIMESTAMP	OE.TIMESTAMP	This objective ensures that reliable timestamps are provided by the TOE.
A.PHYSICAL	OE.PHYSICAL	This objective ensures that the appliance that hosts the operating system and database are hosted in a secure operating facility with restricted physical access with non-shared hardware.

5 Security Requirements (ASE_REQ.2)

5.1 Overview

This section defines the security requirements satisfied by the TOE. Each requirement has been extracted from version 3.1 (REV 5) of the Common Criteria, part 2 providing functional requirements and part 3 providing assurance requirements.

Part 2 of the Common Criteria defines an approved set of operations that may be applied to security functional requirements. Following are the approved operations and the document conventions that are used within this ST to depict their application:

- **Assignment.** The assignment operation provides the ability to specify an identified parameter within a requirement. Assignments are depicted using bolded text and are surrounded by square brackets as follows [**assignment**].

- **Selection.** The selection operation allows the specification of one or more items from a list. Selections are depicted using bold italics text and are surrounded by square brackets as follows [*selection*].

- **Refinement.** The refinement operation allows the addition of extra detail to a requirement. Refinements are indicated using bolded text, for **additions**, and strike-through, for ~~deletions~~.

- **Iteration.** The iteration operation allows a component to be used more than once with varying operations. Iterations are depicted by placing a letter at the end of the component identifier as follows FDP_IFF.1a and FDP_IFF.1b.

5.2 Security Functional Requirements

5.2.1 Overview

The security functional requirements are expressed using the notation stated in Section 5.1 above and itemised in the table below.

Identifier	Title
FAU_GEN.1	Audit data generation
FAU_SAR.1	Audit review
FDP_ACC.1	Subset access control
FDP_ACF.1	Security attribute based access control
FIA_ATD.1	User attribute definition
FIA_UAU.2	User authentication before any action
FIA_UID.2	User identification before any action
FMT_MSA.1	Management of security attributes
FMT_MSA.3	Static attribute initialisation
FMT_MTD.1	Management of TSF data
FMT_SMF.1	Specification of Management Functions
FMT_SMR.1	Security Roles
FTP_TRP.1	Trusted Path

5.2.2 FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FAU_GEN.1.1	The TSF shall be able to generate an audit report of the following auditable events: a) ~~Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions;~~ b) All auditable events for the [***not specified***] level of audit; and c) [**Specifically defined auditable events listed in the Notes section below**].
FAU_GEN.1.2	The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information: a) Date and time of the event, type of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event; and • For each audit event type, based on the auditable event definitions of the functional components included in the PP/ST, [**none**].
Dependencies:	FPT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps
Notes:	Auditable events within the TOE: • User Login Success/Fail Event • Event type, date & time, user role and access origin

5.2.3 FAU_SAR.1 Audit Review

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FAU_SAR.1.1	The TSF shall provide [**Administrator**] with the capability to read [**all audit information**] from the audit records.
FAU_SAR.1.2	The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information.
Dependencies:	FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation
Notes:	None.

5.2.4 FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FDP_ACC.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [**access control SFP**] on [**objects listed in the table below**].
Dependencies:	FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

Notes:	**Subject**	**Object**	**Operation**
	Administrator	User for the Application	Add/Delete/Change/View
		API Resources	Add/Update/Remove/View
		Applications	Add/Delete/Change/View
		Shut Down	Execute
		Log IN	Execute
	Authorised User (based on assigned privilege)	User Role	Add/Delete/Change/View
		Grant Access Scope	Add/Delete/Change/View
		Shut Down	Execute
		Log IN	Execute

5.2.5 FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FDP_ACF.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [**access control SFP**] to objects based on the following: [**as listed in the Notes section of FDP_ACC.1**].
FDP_ACF.1.2	The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: [a) **First Time login, Administrator and authorised user must set their password before performing any action for the first time** b) **Super user and authorised user must enter their username and password before performing any action** c) **Administrator and authorised user can change their password once they have authenticated with the TOE**]
FDP_ACF.1.3	The TSF shall explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: [**none**].
FDP_ACF.1.4	The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: [**none**].

Dependencies:	FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control
	FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation
Notes:	None.

5.2.6 FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FIA_ATD.1	The TSF shall maintain the following list of security attributes belonging to individual users: [**Username, Password**]
Dependencies:	No dependencies.
Notes:	None.

5.2.7 FIA_UAU.2 User authentication before any action

Hierarchical to:	FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication
FIA_UAU.2.1	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.
Dependencies:	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
Notes:	None.

5.2.8 FIA_UID.2 User identification before any action

Hierarchical to:	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
FIA_UID.2.1	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.
Dependencies:	No dependencies
Notes:	None.

5.2.9 FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FMT_MSA.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [**access control SFP**] to restrict the ability to [*change_default, modify, delete]* the security attributes [**Administrator Account, Authorised user Account**] to [**Administrator**].
Dependencies:	[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control, or

	FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control]
	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles
	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
Notes:	None.

5.2.10   FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FMT_MSA.3.1	The TSF shall enforce the [**access control SFP**] to provide [*permissive*] default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.
FMT_MSA.3.2	The TSF shall allow the [**none**] to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created.
Dependencies:	FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes
	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles
Notes:	None.

5.2.11   FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FMT_MTD.1a.1	The TSF shall restrict the ability to [*manage*] the [**assign users to roles, User ID**] to [**Administrator**]
Dependencies:	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles
	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
Notes:	None.

5.2.12   FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FMT_SMF.1.1	The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions: [a. **Add/Delete/Change/View User for the Application** b. **Add/Update/Remove/View API Resources** c. **Add/Delete/Change/View Applications** d. **Execute Shut Down** e. **Execute Log IN** f. **Add/Delete/Change/View User Role**

	g. Add/Delete/Change/View Grant Access Scope].
Dependencies:	No dependencies.
Notes:	None.

5.2.13 FMT_SMR.1 Security Roles

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FMT_SMR.1.1	The TSF shall maintain the roles [**Administrator, Authorised user**].
FMT_SMR.1.2	The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles.
Dependencies:	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
Notes:	None.

5.2.14 FTP_TRP.1 Trusted Path

Hierarchical to:	No other components.
FTP_TRP.1.1	The TSF shall provide a communication path between itself and [*remote*] users that is logically distinct from other communication paths and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from [*modification or disclosure*].
FTP_TRP.1.2	The TSF shall permit [*remote users*] to initiate communication via the trusted path
FTP_TRP.1.3	The TSF shall require the use of the trusted path for [*initial user authentication*, [**and all further communication after authentication**]].
Dependencies:	No dependencies
Notes:	None

5.3 Security Requirements Rationale

5.3.1 Dependency rationale

Below demonstrates the mutual supportiveness of the SFR's for the TOE by demonstrating how the SFR dependencies are fulfilled by the TOE, and by justifying those dependencies that are not fulfilled.

The SARs relevant to the TOE constitute an evaluation assurance level EAL2 as defined in Common Criteria and include no extensions or augmentations. Therefore, as a complete evaluation assurance level, they are a mutually supportive set and require no further justification.

SFR	Dependency	Inclusion
FAU_GEN.1	FPT.STM.1 Reliable time stamps	FPT_STM.1 has not been included as the TOE obtains all audit timestamps from the underlying platform. This has been addressed in Section 3.4 by A.TIMESTAMP.
FAU.SAR.1	FAU.GEN.1 Audit data generation	FAU.GEN.1
FDP_ACC.1	FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control	FDP_ACF.1
FDP_ACF.1	FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation	FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3
FIA_ATD.1	No dependencies	NA
FIA_UAU.2	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification	FIA_UID.2
FIA_UID.2	No dependencies	N/A
FMT_MSA.1	[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control or FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control] FMT_SMR.1 Security roles FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions	FDP_ACC.1 FMT_SMR.1 FMT_SMF.1
FMT_MSA.3	FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes FMT_SMR.1 Security roles	FMT_MSA.1 FMT_SMR.1

SFR	Dependency	Inclusion
FMT_MTD.1	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles	FMT_SMR.1
	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions	FMT_SMF.1
FMT_SMF.1	No dependencies	N/A
FMT_SMR.1	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification	FIA_UID.2
FTP_TRP.1	No dependencies	N/A

5.3.2 Mapping of SFRs to security objectives for the TOE

Security objective	Mapped SFRs	Rationale
O.USER	FIA_UAU.2	The requirement helps meet the objective by authenticating user before any TSF mediated actions.
	FIA_UID.2	The requirement helps meet the objective by identifying user before any TSF mediated actions
O.ACCESS	FAU_GEN.1	This SFR specifies security events that are being audited and recorded in log file. Each security event will be recorded along with date and time of event, user who execute the event, filename and other event details. It traces back to this objective.
	FAU_SAR.1	This SFR specifies that admin will have the capability to view the audit trail data in log form. It traces back to this objective
	FIA_ATD.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by ensuring user security attributes are maintained.
	FMT_SMF.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by providing management functions of the TOE for authenticated user.
	FMT_SMR.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by providing user timing of identification.
O.MANAGE	FMT_MTD.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by restricting the ability to modify the user password.
	FMT_MSA.1	The requirement helps to meet the objective by restricting the ability to modify the security attributes for the super user.
O.CONFIG	FMT_MTD.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by restricting user access to management functions.

Security objective	Mapped SFRs	Rationale
	FMT_MSA.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by restricting user access to security attributes.
	FMT_MSA.3	The requirement helps meet the objective by restricting access to provide default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.
	FMT_SMR.1	The requirement helps meet the objective by defining the security roles used within the TOE.
	FDP_ACC.1	The requirement provides access control functionality to ensure that access to security functionality is controlled.
	FDP_ACF.1	The requirement provides access control functionality to ensure that access to security functionality is controlled.
O.TOECOM	FTP_TRP.1	The requirement ensures that data sent by users is protected from modification or disclosure.

6 TOE Security Assurance Requirements (ASE_REQ.2)

6.1 Overview

EAL2 requires evidence relating to the design information and test results, but does not demand more effort on the part of the developer than is consistent with good commercial practice.

EAL2 provides assurance by a full security target and an analysis of the SFRs in that ST, using a functional and interface specification, guidance documentation and a basic description of the architecture of the TOE, to understand the security behaviour.

The analysis is supported by independent testing of the TSF, evidence of developer testing based on the functional specification, selective independent confirmation of the developer test results, and a vulnerability analysis (based upon the functional specification, TOE design, security architecture description and guidance evidence provided) demonstrating resistance to penetration attackers with a basic attack potential.

EAL2 also provides assurance through use of a configuration management system and evidence of secure delivery procedures.

Assurance class	Assurance components
ADV: Development	ADV_ARC.1 Security architecture description
	ADV_FSP.2 Security-enforcing functional specification
	ADV_TDS.1 Basic design
AGD: Guidance documents	AGD_OPE.1 Operational user guidance
	AGD_PRE.1 Preparative procedures
ALC: Life cycle support	ALC_CMS.2 Parts of the TOE CM coverage
	ALC_CMC.2 Use of a CM system
	ALC_DEL.1 Delivery procedures
ASE: Security Target evaluation	ASE_CCL.1 Conformance claims
	ASE_ECD.1 Extended components definition
	ASE_INT.1 ST Introduction
	ASE_OBJ.2 Security objectives
	ASE_REQ.2 Derived security requirements

Assurance class	Assurance components
	ASE_SPD.1 Security Problem Definition
	ASE_TSS.1 TOE summary specification
ATE: Tests	ATE_IND.2 Independent testing - sample
	ATE_FUN.1 Functional testing
	ATE_COV.1 Evidence of coverage
AVA: Vulnerability assessment	AVA_VAN.2 Vulnerability analysis

6.2 Justification for SAR selection

The assurance package for the evaluation of the TOE is Evaluation Assurance Level 2 (EAL2).

TOE has a low to moderate level of assurance in enforcing its security functions when instantiated in its intended environment, which imposes no restrictions on assumed activity on applicable networks. EAL2 is sufficient to demonstrate that the TOE is resistant to attackers with a Basic attack potential.

7 TOE Summary Specification (ASE_TSS.1)

7.1 Overview

This section provides the TOE summary specification, a high-level description of how the TOE implements the claimed security functional requirements. The TOE provides the following security functions:

- Security Audit;

- Identification and Authentication;

- Security Management; and

- Secure Communication

7.2 Security Audit

The TOE will create audit records (which contain the data and time of the event, type of event, subject identity and outcome of the transaction event) for the following auditable events (FAU_GEN.1):

- User Login Success/Fail Event

- Event type, date & time, user role and access origin

The TOE's Administrator has the capability to review these audit records via the software interface (FAU_SAR.1). Timestamps for the server are generated for audit logs by utilising the underlying operating system. The TOE does not generate its own timestamps for use in audit records; these are supplied by the underlying operating system.

7.3 Identification and Authentication

The TOE implement access control and authentication measures to ensure that TOE data and functionality is not misused by unauthorised parties (FDP_ACC.1). All TOE users must provide authentication data to the TOE to affirm their identity and role prior to being granted access to any TOE functions or interfaces.

The TOE maintains two types of users which are Administrator and Authorised user (FMT_SMR.1). These users may access the TOE via the web interface that the platform provides. Administrator and Authorised user must be authenticated to the TOE prior performing any TOE functions by entering a username and password (FIA_ATD.1a, FIA_UAU.2, FIA_UID.2, FDP_ACF.1). Upon first time login to the server, Administrator and Authorised user must set their new password before performing any action (FDP_ACF.1).

7.4 Security Management

The TOE provides a suite of management functions only to Administrator and Authorised user. These functions allow for the configuration of TOE to suit the environment in which it is deployed. Additionally, management roles may perform the following tasks (FMT_SMF.1, FMT_MTD.1, FMT_MSA.1 and FMT_MSA.3):

- Add/Delete/Change/View User for the Application
- Add/Update/Remove/View API Resources
- Add/Delete/Change/View Applications
- Execute Shut Down
- Execute Log IN
- Add/Delete/Change/View User Role
- Add/Delete/Change/View Grant Access Scope

The TOE implement access control and authentication measures to ensure that TOE data and functionality is not misused by unauthorised parties (FDP_ACC.1 and FDP_ACF.1).

7.5 Secure Communication

When a user accesses the TOE on their browser, by typing in the website address, the TOE will initiate a SSL secure channel establishment with the user's browser (FTP_TRP.1). The TOE implements the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL v2/v3) and Transport Layer Security (TLS v1) protocols.